

Increasing the accuracy and resolution of precipitation forecasts using deep generative models

Ilan Price & Stephan Rasp

¹ University of Oxford

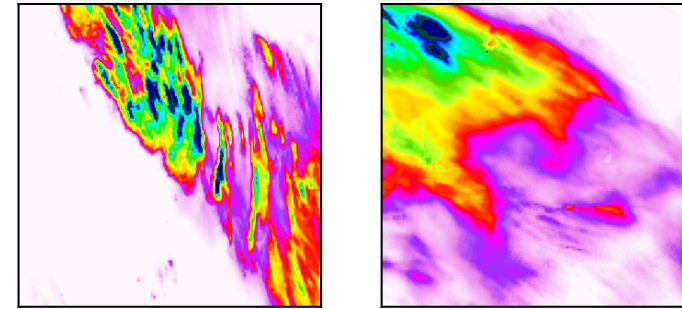
² Alan Turing Institute

³ ClimateAI

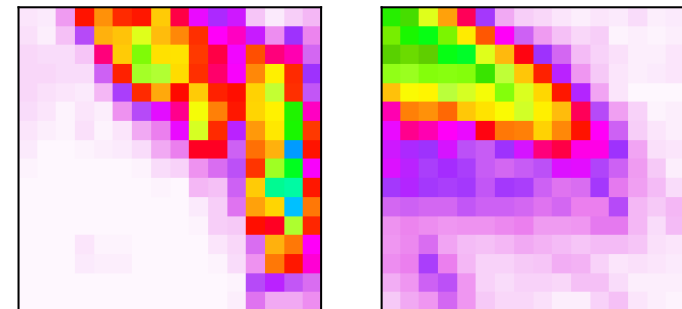


Problem: high resolution rain forecasts extremely expensive

- Precipitation forecasts produced by numerical weather models (NWMs)
- High resolution = prohibitively expensive for most of the world
- Global NWMs run at low resolution
 - miss the **variation of rainfall at fine scales**
 - Smooth out **extreme values**



High Res Ground truth



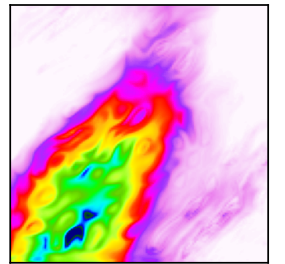
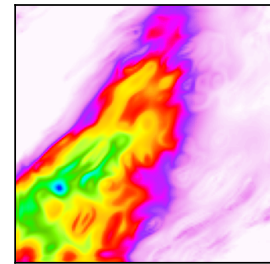
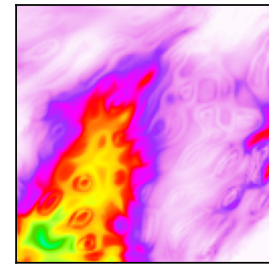
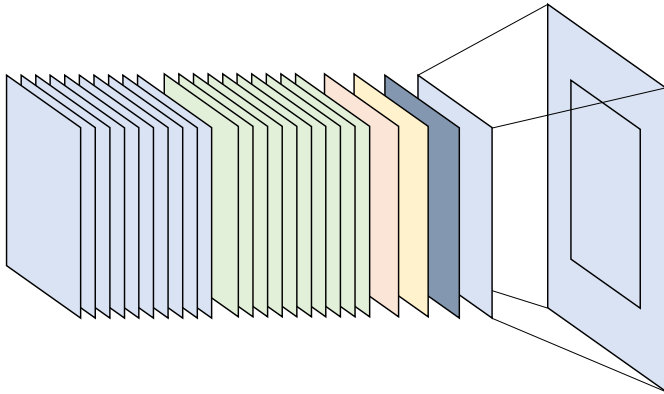
Low Res NWM

Proposal: CorrectorGAN for high-res ensemble forecasts

Low-resolution numerical
weather model ensemble
forecasts

cGAN

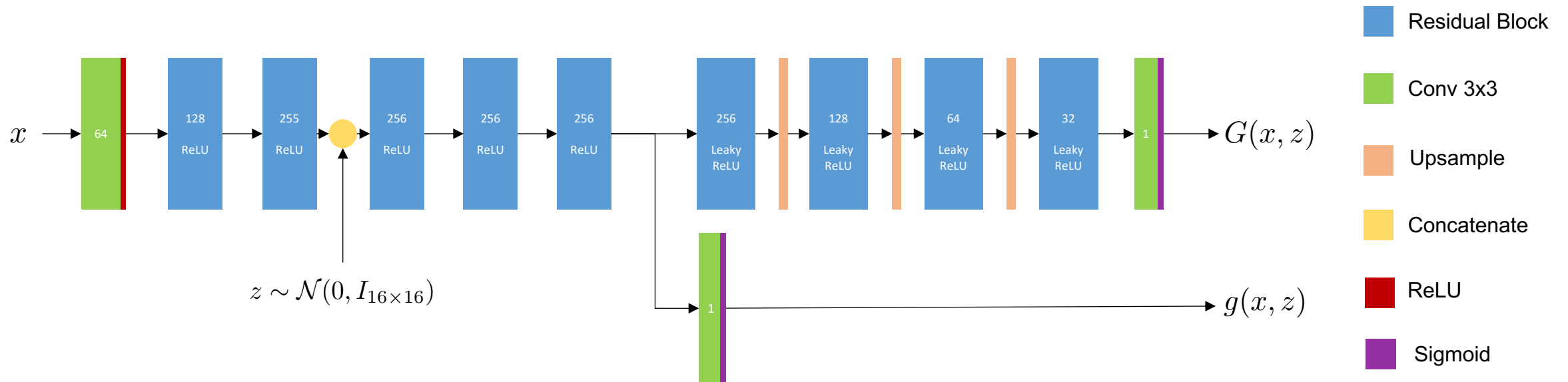
Distributions of plausible,
high resolution precipitation
forecasts.



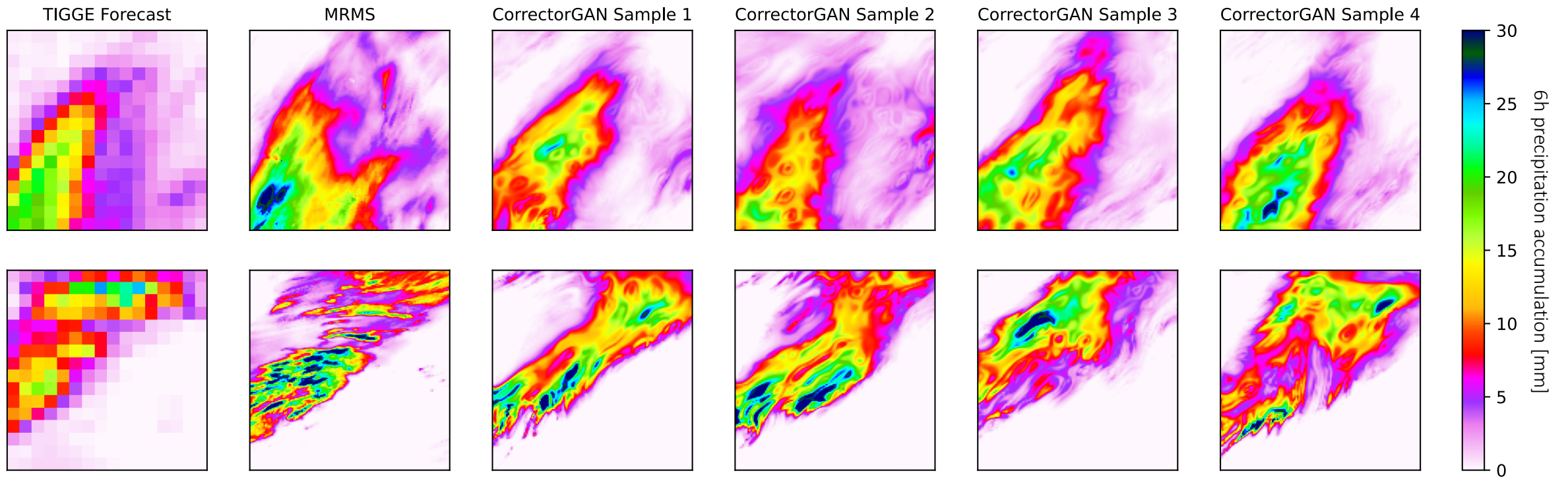
Model Goals

1. Correct biases and errors
2. Super-resolve into plausible high-resolution fields
3. Replicate the variability in the underlying true distribution.

Generator Architecture



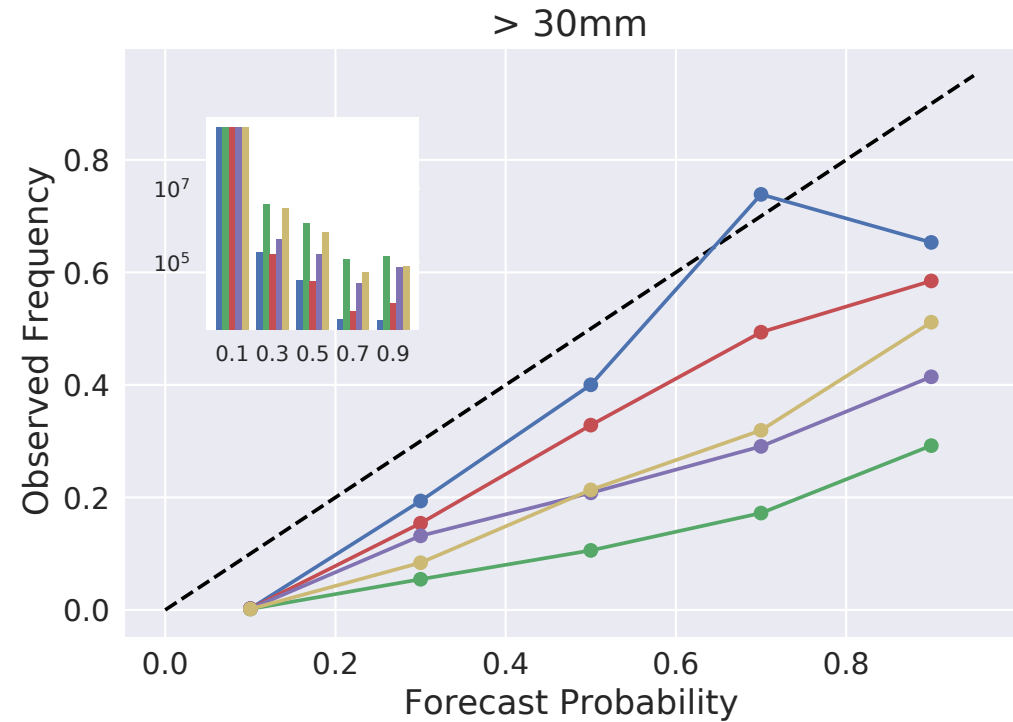
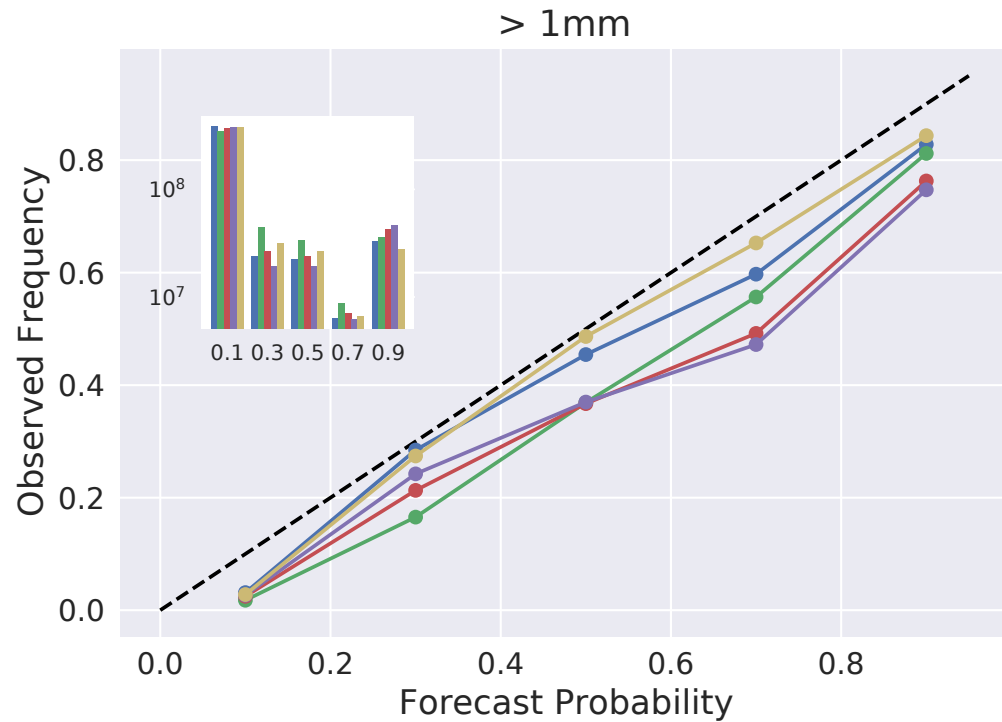
Sample Forecasts



Evaluation

Model	CRPS	Brier Score			
		1mm	5mm	10mm	30mm
CorrectorGAN	0.574	0.06	0.034	0.02	0.0024
HREF	0.562	0.059	0.032	0.019	0.0026
TIGGE Interp.	0.605	0.064	0.035	0.021	0.0025
Pure-SR GAN	0.61	0.063	0.036	0.021	0.0024
BG-CNN	0.62	0.06	0.035	0.021	0.0032

Evaluation



Conclusions

- Overall, a promising advance towards high resolution precipitation forecasting using only data
- Still room to improve
 - Forecasts unrealistically “wavy”
 - Often cannot correct large-scale bias